

The Final Measurement of the Muon Decay Parameters from the *TWIST* Experiment

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For the **TRIUMF Weak Interaction Symmetry Test** Collaboration

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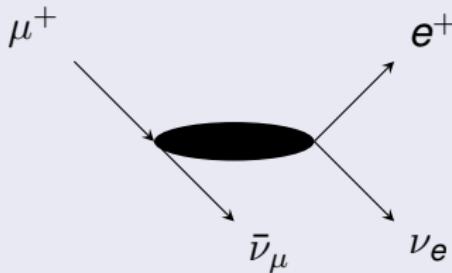
NUFACT 2011

Muon Decay as a Probe for the Weak Interaction

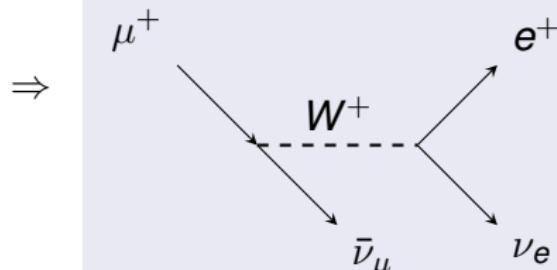
- General Lorentz invariant, derivative-free, interaction¹

$$\mathcal{M} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \sum_{\substack{\gamma=S,V,T \\ \epsilon,\mu=R,L}} g_{\epsilon\mu}^{\gamma} \langle \bar{e}_{\epsilon} | \Gamma^{\gamma} | (\nu_e)_n \rangle \langle (\bar{\nu}_{\mu})_m | \Gamma_{\gamma} | \mu_{\mu} \rangle.$$

General Case



Standard Model (V-A): $g_{LL}^V = 1$

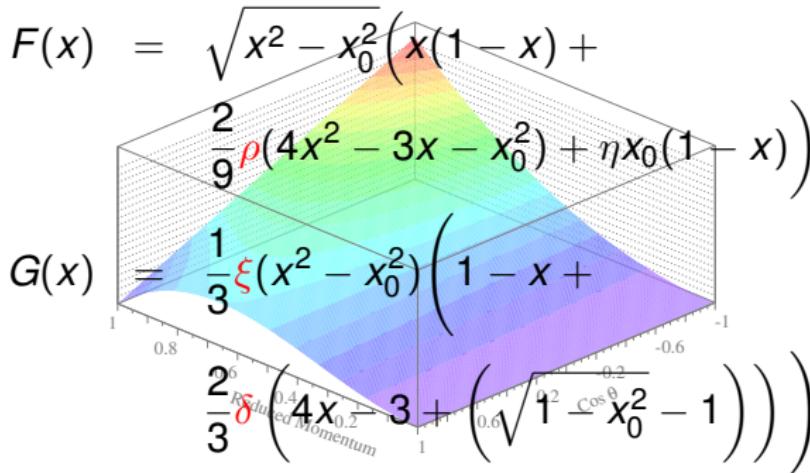


¹W. Fetscher, H.J. Gerber, and K.F. Johnson, *Phys. Lett.* **B173** (1986) 102

Decay Spectrum Parametrization

- Given in energy and angle as ²

$$\frac{\partial^2 \Gamma}{\partial x \partial \cos \theta} = \frac{m_\mu}{4\pi^3} W_{e\mu}^4 G_F^2 (F(x) - |P_\mu| \cos \theta G(x)) + R.C., x = \frac{E_e}{W_{e\mu}}$$



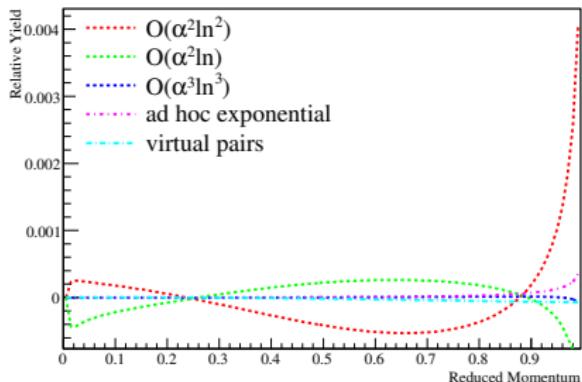
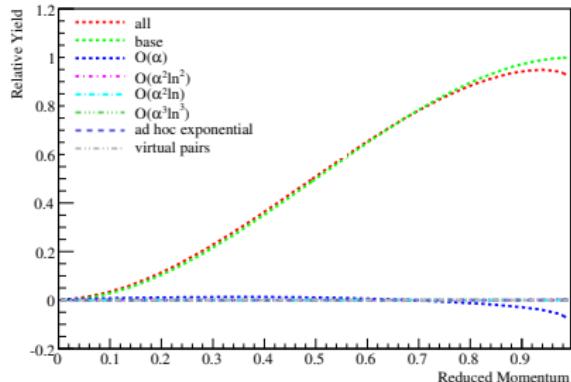
In the Standard Model

$$\begin{aligned}\rho &= 0.75 \\ \eta &= 0 \\ \delta &= 0.75 \\ P_\mu^\pi \xi &= 1\end{aligned}$$

- deviations represent new physics

²K. Nakamura et al. (Particle Data Group), J. Phys. G **37**, 075021 (2010)

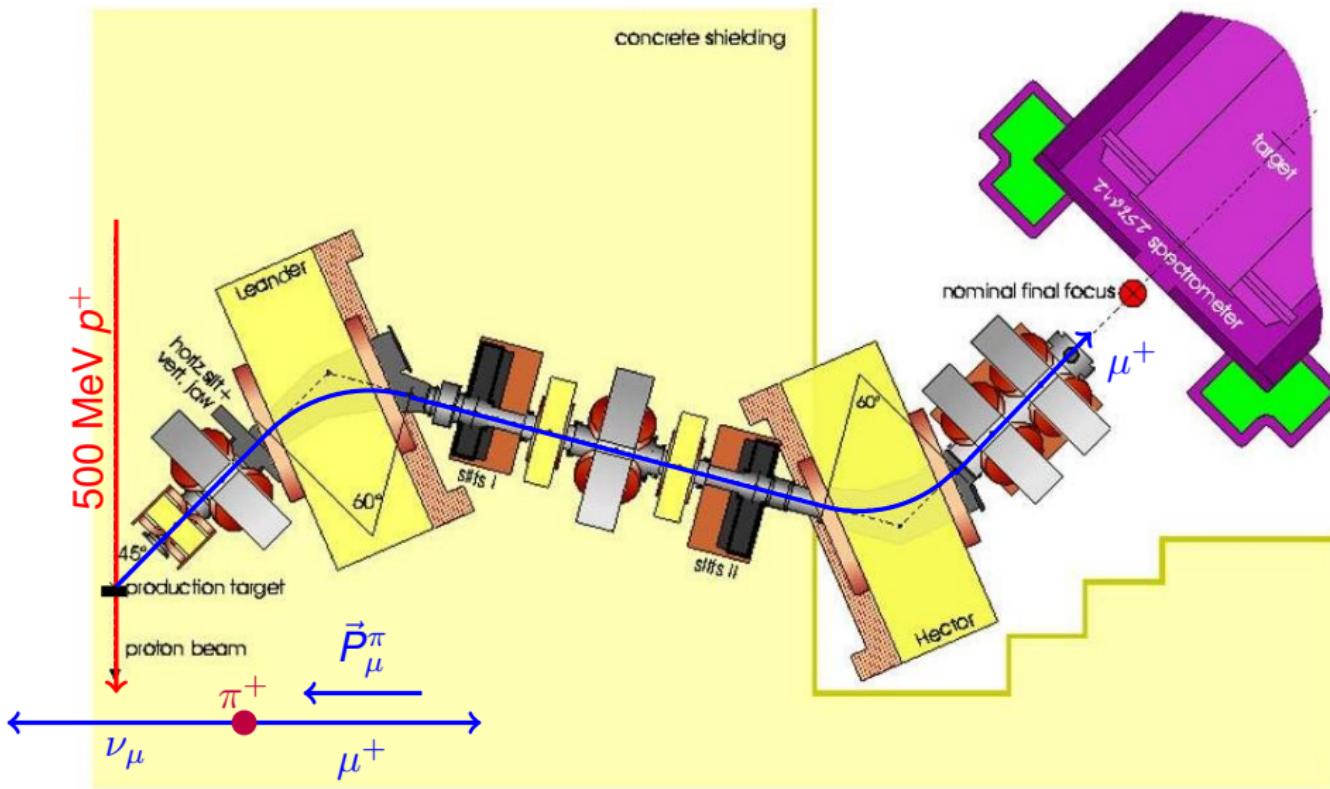
Radiative Corrections



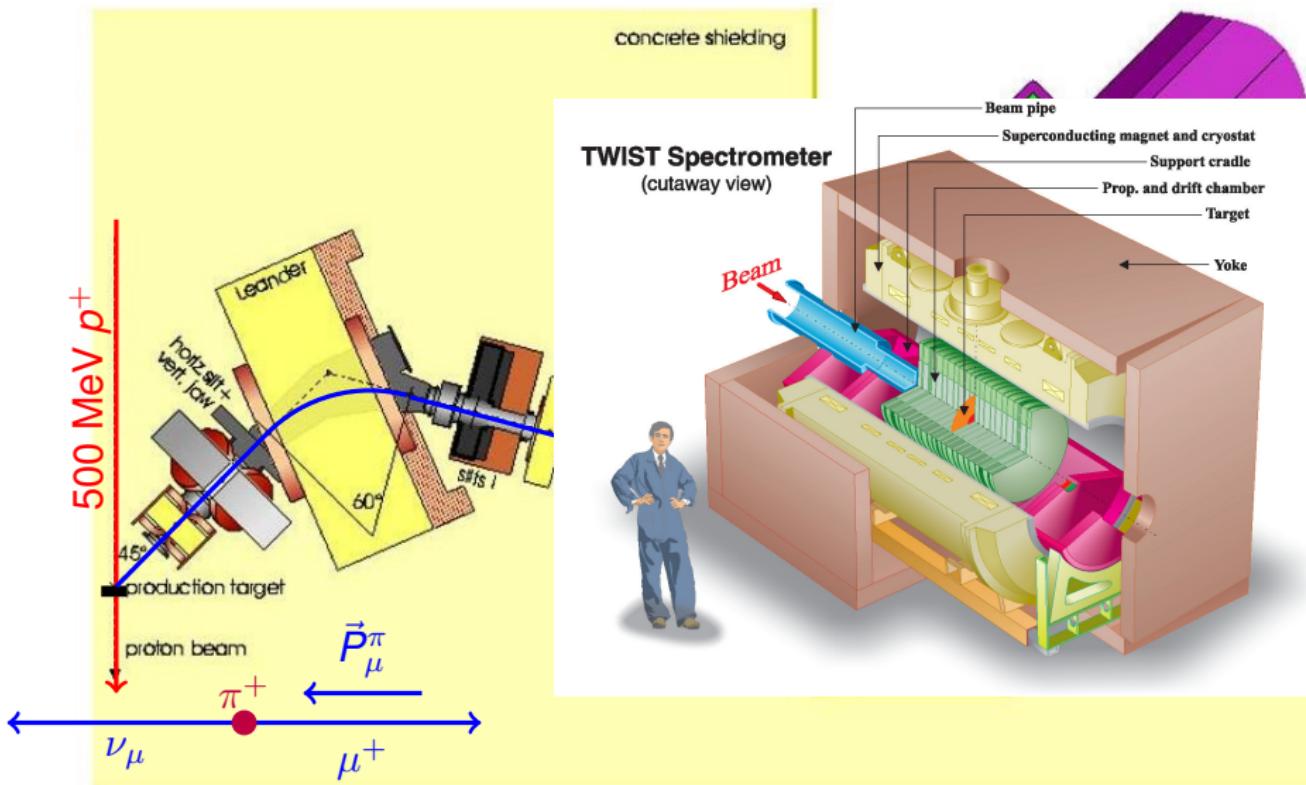
- Highest order correction contributes variations in spectrum at 10^{-5} level.
- Known second order leading logarithmic corrections make this measurement possible.³
- Contribution of higher order corrections represent systematic uncertainties.

³Arbuzov et. al., PRD65 (2002) 1130067

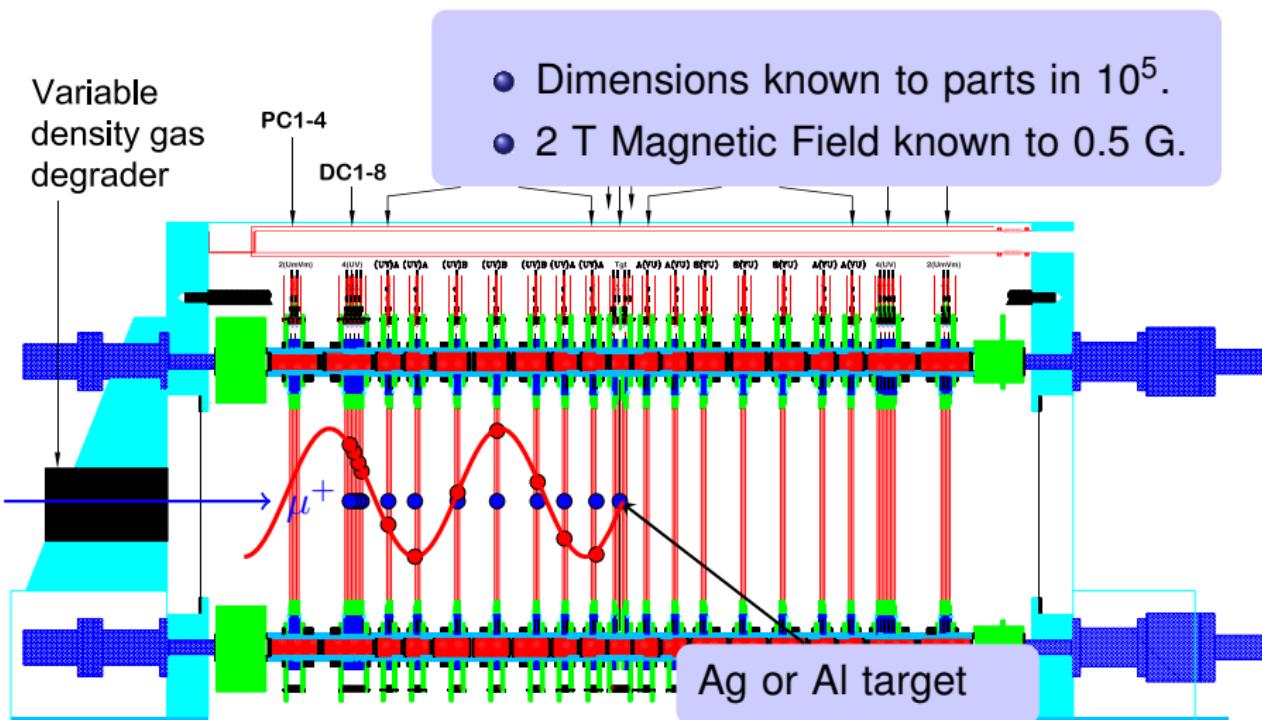
TWIST Experiment



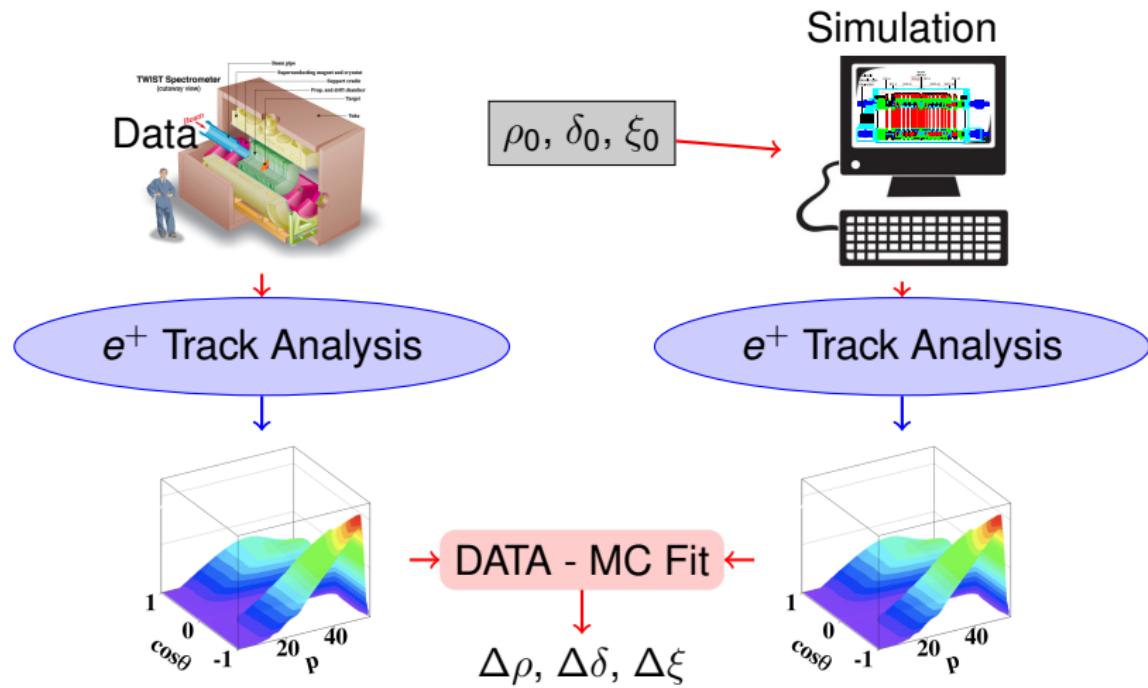
TWIST Experiment



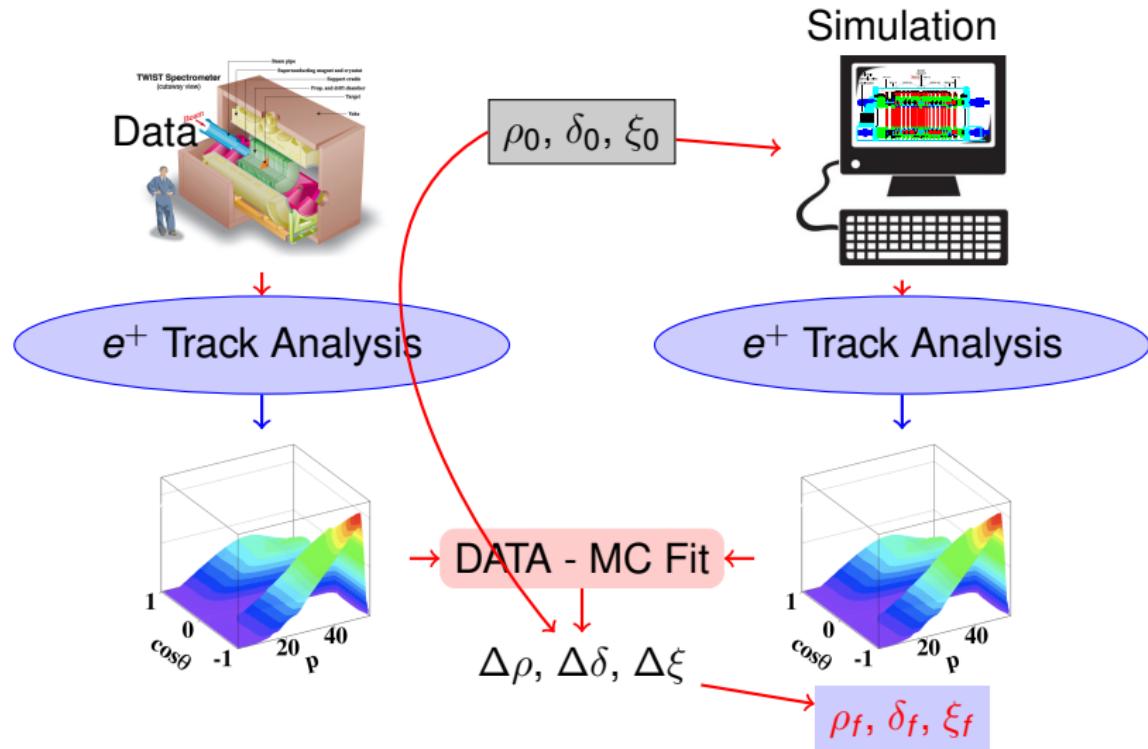
TWIST Spectrometer



TWIST Analysis Overview

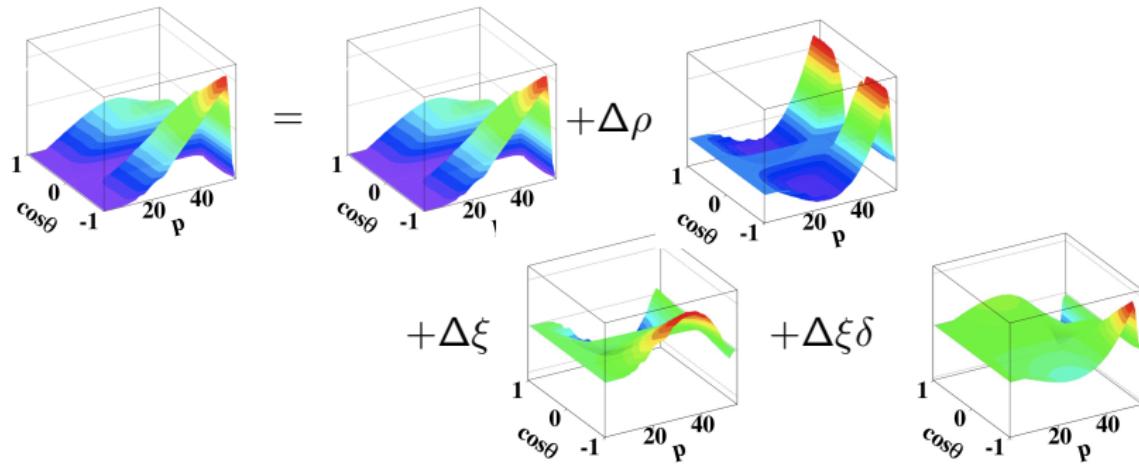


TWIST Analysis Overview



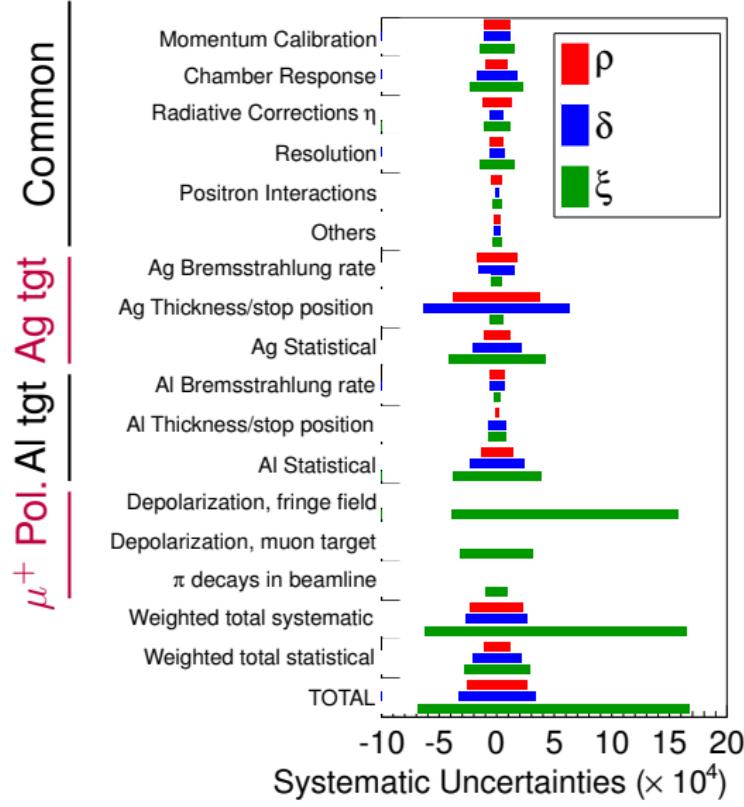
Spectrum Fits

- Sum of simulated spectra used as fitting function



- Relies on the linear behaviour of the spectrum in ρ , $P_\mu\xi$, and $P_\mu\xi\delta$.
- Parameter differences optimized using a χ^2 statistic.

Systematics Summary



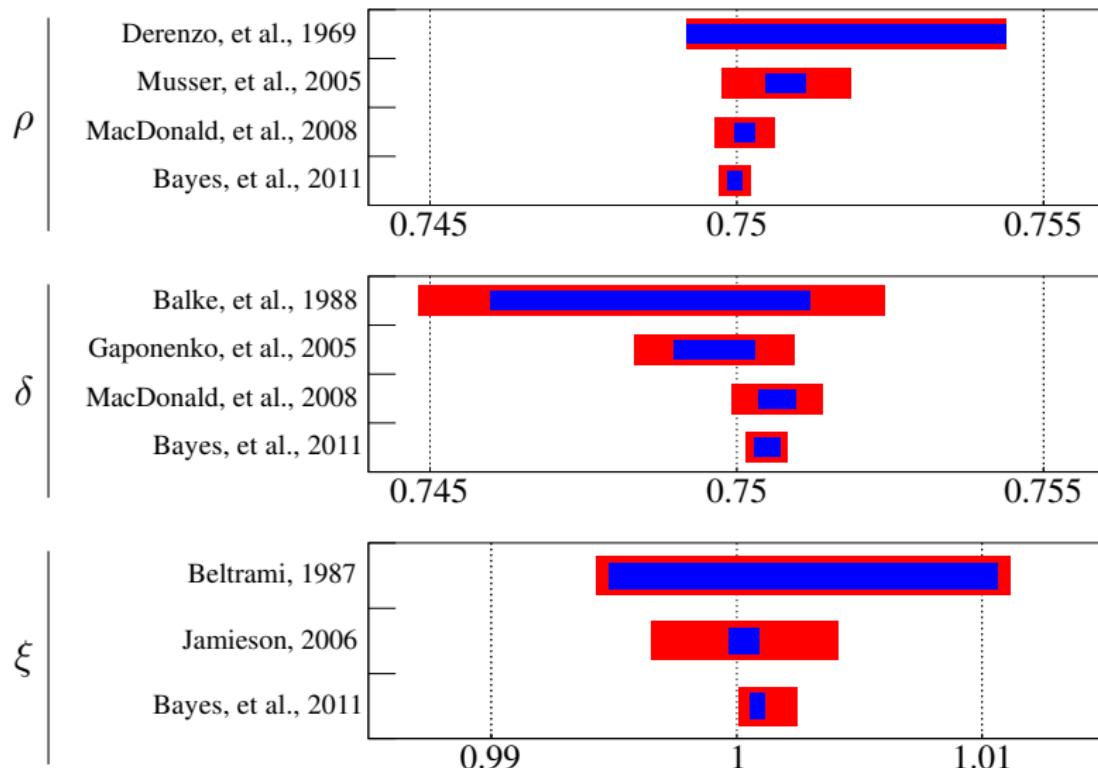
Systematics categorized as

- Common
- Silver target only
- Aluminium target only
- P_μ^π specific

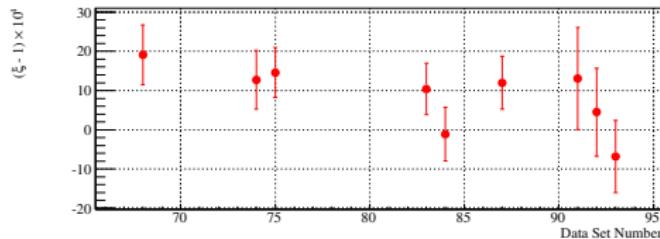
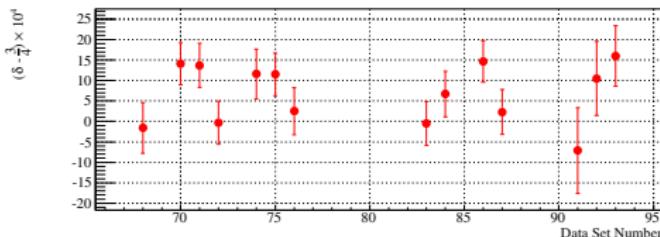
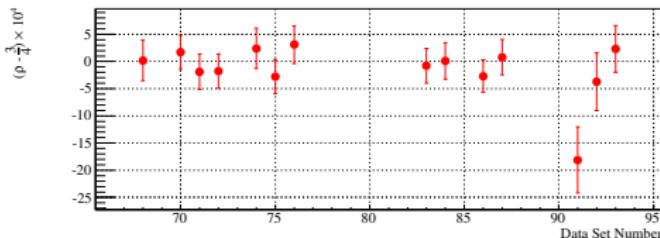
Measured Results

	Units of $\times 10^{-4}$			
	Ave.	Diff.	Stat.	Sys
ρ	95.1		± 1.2	± 2.3
δ	51.3		± 2.1	± 2.7
ξ	80.3		± 2.9	$+16.5$ -6.3

Decay Parameters



Consistency of Results



- Differences between SM and results corrected for blind parameters and bias.

	χ^2/ndf
ρ	16.5/13
δ	14.8/13
ξ	8.7/8

Measured Values

$$\rho = 0.74997 \pm 0.00012 \pm 0.00023$$

$$\delta = 0.75049 \pm 0.00021 \pm 0.00027$$

$$P_\mu^\pi \xi = 1.00084 \pm 0.00029^{+0.00165}_{-0.00063}$$

Revision Due to $P_\mu^\pi \xi \delta / \rho$

Endpoint Anisotropy

$$P_\mu^\pi \xi \delta / \rho = 1.00179^{+0.00156}_{-0.00063} \\ > 0.99909 \text{ (90% C.L.)}$$

- $P_\mu^\pi \xi \delta / \rho > 1$ by 2.9σ
- Prompted review of systematics after black box opening

Changes in the Revised analysis

- Motivated categorization of systematics
- Corrected parameter weighting
- Identified systematics from mean stopping position

- $P_\mu^\pi \xi \delta / \rho$ changed in Ag and Al targets by 3.9σ

Change between blind and revised results

	Units of $\times 10^4$	
	Value	σ_{total}
ρ	-1.4	-0.3
δ	-2.3	+0.1
$P_\mu^\pi \xi$	0	-0.2

Global Analysis

e^+ spectrum measurements are a subset of muon decay parameters

Parameter	Value	Reference
Current TWIST decay parameters		
ρ	0.74997 ± 0.00028	
δ	0.75049 ± 0.00033	
ξ	$1.00084^{+16.9}_{-11.9}$	
Previous decay parameters		
ρ	0.7518 ± 0.0026	PDG average (2003)
δ	0.7486 ± 0.0038	Balke, 1988
$P_\mu \xi$	1.0027 ± 0.0085	Beltrami, 1987
$P_\mu \xi \delta / \rho$	0.99787 ± 0.00082	Jodidio, 1986
Parameters from positron Polarization		
ξ'	1.00 ± 0.04	PDG average (2003)
ξ''	0.65 ± 0.36	Burkard, 1985
$\bar{\eta}$	0.02 ± 0.08	PDG average (2003)
α/A	0.015 ± 0.052	Burkard, 1985
β/A	0.002 ± 0.018	Burkard, 1985
η	0.071 ± 0.037	Danneberg, 2005
η''	0.105 ± 0.052	Danneberg, 2005
α'/A	-0.047 ± 0.052	Burkard, 1985
	-0.0034 ± 0.0219	Danneberg, 2005
β'/B	0.017 ± 0.018	Burkard, 1985
	-0.0005 ± 0.00080	Danneberg, 2005

- Required for limits on interaction probabilities and coupling constants

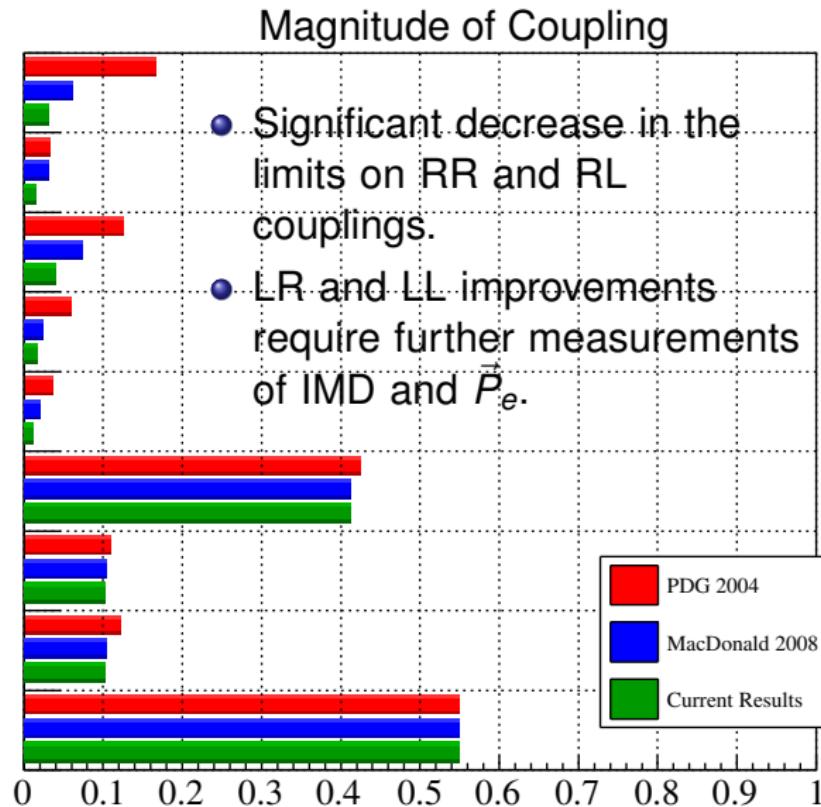
Interaction Probabilities

	2008 ($\times 10^{-3}$)	2011 ($\times 10^{-3}$)
Q_{RR}	< 0.96	< 0.30
Q_{LR}	< 1.38	< 0.63
Q_{RL}	< 42	< 42
Q_{LL}	> 955	> 955

Coupling Constants

2004 2008 2010

	2004	2008	2010
$ g_{RR}^S $	0.166	0.062	0.031
$ g_{RR}^V $	0.033	0.031	0.015
$ g_{LR}^S $	0.125	0.074	0.041
$ g_{LR}^V $	0.060	0.025	0.018
$ g_{LR}^T $	0.036	0.021	0.012
$ g_{RL}^S $	0.424	0.412	0.412
$ g_{RL}^V $	0.110	0.104	0.103
$ g_{RL}^T $	0.122	0.104	0.103
$ g_{LL}^S $	0.550	0.550	0.550



Left-Right Symmetric Models

$$W_L = \cos \zeta W_1 + \sin \zeta W_2 \quad W_R = e^{i\omega} (-\sin \zeta W_1 + \cos \zeta W_2)$$

- $W_{R(L)}$ mediate $V + A(V - A)$ currents⁴
- ζ is the mixing angle between W_1 and W_2
- ω CP violating phase

Decay Parameters in This Model

$$\rho \simeq \frac{3}{4} \left(1 - 2 \left(\frac{g_R}{g_L} \right)^2 \zeta^2 \right), \delta \equiv \frac{3}{4}, \xi \simeq 1 - 2 \left(\left(\frac{g_R m_1}{g_L m_2} \right)^4 + \left(\frac{g_R}{g_L} \right)^2 \zeta^2 \right)$$

$$1 - \frac{P_\mu^\pi \xi \delta}{\rho} \simeq 2 \frac{g_R^4 m_1^4}{g_L^4 m_2^4} \left(1 + \frac{\cos^2 \theta_1^R}{\cos^2 \theta_1^L} \right) + 2 \frac{g_R^2}{g_L^2} \zeta^2 + 4 \frac{g_R^3 m_1^2 \cos \theta_1^R}{g_L^3 m_2^2 \cos \theta_1^L} \zeta \cos(\alpha + \omega)$$

⁴P. Herczeg, **PRD** 34, 3449, (1986)

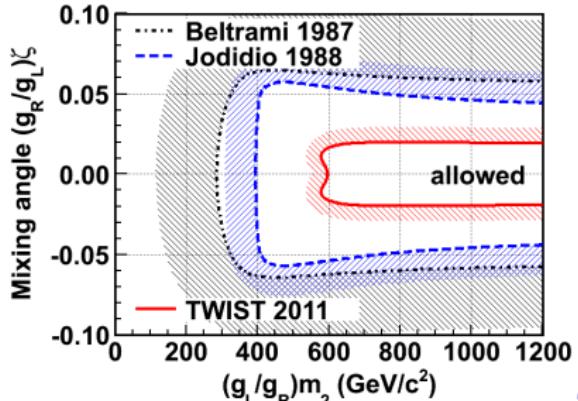
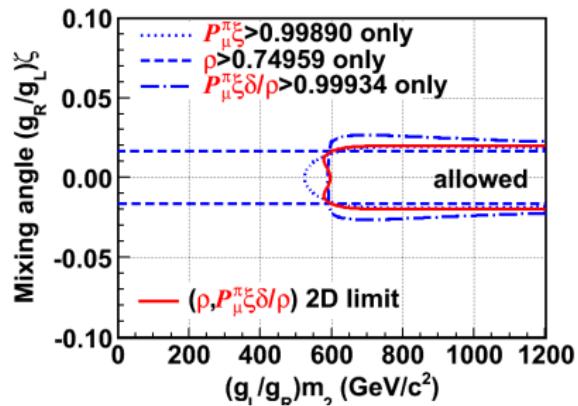
Left-Right Symmetric Models

90% Confidence limits

- $|\frac{g_R}{g_L}\zeta| < 0.02$
- $|\frac{g_R}{g_L}|m_2 > 578 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Set using a combination of 90% limits on ρ , and $P_\mu\xi\delta/\rho$

Generalized approach to model

- No assumption of model parameters
- W_2 Direct searches assume $g_R = g_L, \omega = 0$



Conclusions

- Order of magnitude improvement in precision of decay parameters has been completed by the TWIST experiment.

$$\rho = 0.74997 \pm 0.00012 \pm 0.00023$$

$$\delta = 0.75049 \pm 0.00021 \pm 0.00027$$

$$P_{\mu\xi} = 1.00084 \pm 0.00029^{+0.00165}_{-0.00063}$$

$$P_{\mu\xi\delta}/\rho = 1.00179^{+0.00156}_{-0.00071}$$

> 0.99909 (90% C.L.)

- $P_{\mu\xi\delta}/\rho > 1$ has been investigated; no problem with analysis has been identified.
- Limits on weak coupling constants And lift-right symmetric models have been improved.

Thank you

TRIUMF

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Valparaiso U.

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